



5691

HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE

5691
SPECIAL RED
TUBE

Intended for critical industrial applications where 10,000-hour life, extreme uniformity, rigid construction, and exceptional stability are paramount. Within its ratings, the 5691 may be used to replace its receiving-tube counterpart, type 6SL7-GT, where heater transformer will carry increased current.

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage. 6.3 ± 5%* . . . ac or dc volts

Current. 0.6 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:⁰

	Min.	Av.	Max.	
Triode No.1:				
Grid to Plate.	3.1	3.6	4.1	μf
Grid to Cathode.	1.9	2.4	2.9	μf
Plate to Cathode	1.8	2.3	2.8	μf
Triode No.2:				
Grid to Plate.	3.1	3.6	4.1	μf
Grid to Cathode.	2.2	2.7	3.2	μf
Plate to Cathode	2.1	2.6	3.1	μf
Plate of Triode No.1 to				
Plate of Triode No.2	0.27	0.32	0.37	μf

* May deviate ±10% from rated value provided such deviation occurs for less than 2% of the operating time.

⁰ with no external shield.

Mechanical:

Mounting Position. Any

Maximum Overall Length 2-7/8"

Maximum Seated Length. 2-5/16"

Maximum Diameter 1-9/32"

Bulb T-9

Base Short Intermediate-Shell Octal

8-Pin, Non-Hygroscopic

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 8BD

Pin 1-Grid of Triode No.2

Pin 2-Plate of Triode No.2

Pin 3-Cathode of Triode No.2

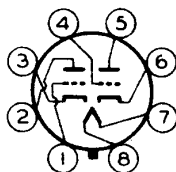
Pin 4-Grid of Triode No.1

Pin 5-Plate of Triode No.1

Pin 6-Cathode of Triode No.1

Pin 7-Heater

Pin 8-Heater



(continued on next page)

MAR. 15, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

TENTATIVE DATA

5691



5691

HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE

INDUSTRIAL SERVICE

Includes applications such as dc and audio amplifiers

Values are for each unit

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	275 max.	volts
DC PLATE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	330 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Negative bias range. 1 [•] min. to	100 max.	volts
Negative peak value.	200 max.	volts
DC GRID CURRENT.	2 max.	ma
DC CATHODE CURRENT	10 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION.	1 max.	watt
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGE.	-55 to +90	°C

• For resistance-coupled amplifier applications, the negative bias may be as low as 0.5 volt.

Maximum Circuit Value (for any operating condition):

Grid-Circuit Resistance.	2 max.	megohms
----------------------------------	--------	---------

Characteristics and Range Values:

Heater Volts, 6.3; Plate Volts, 250; Grid Volts, -2

	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Av.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	
Heater Current	0.55	0.6	0.65	amp
Heater-Cathode Current with heater-cathode voltage of ± 100 volts.	-	-	5	μamp
Plate Current.	1.7	2.3	2.9	ma
Difference in Plate Current between triode units	-	-	0.9	ma
Plate Current for grid voltage of -5.5 volts.	-	-	15	μamp
Reverse Grid Current	-	-	0.2	μamp
Amplification Factor	60	70	80	
Plate Resistance	-	44000	-	ohms
Transconductance	1300	1600	1900	μmhos

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier (Each Unit)

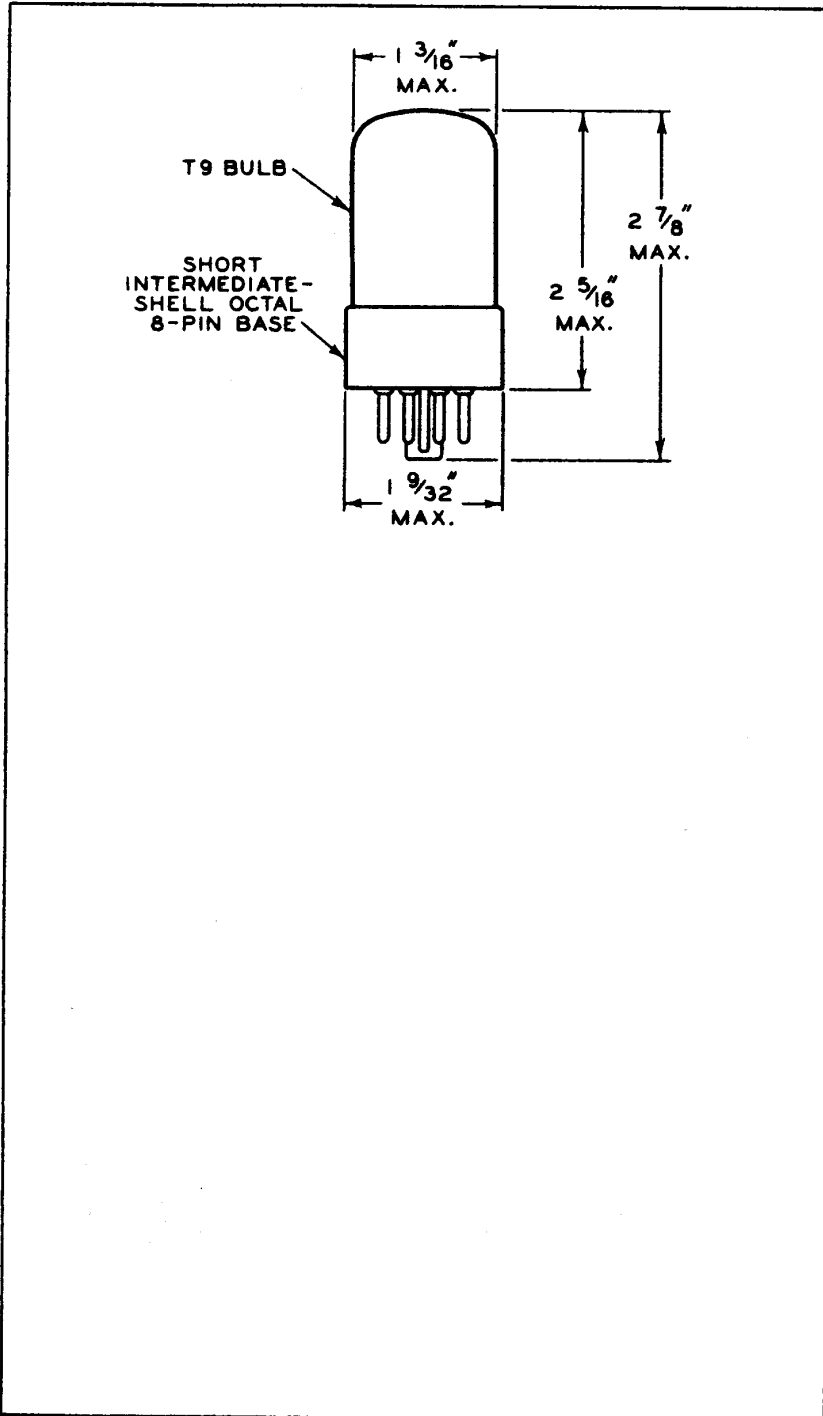
See RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART No.7 at front of Receiving Tube Section.



5691

5691

HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE



MAR. 15, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

OUTLINE

5691



5691

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS EACH TRIODE UNIT

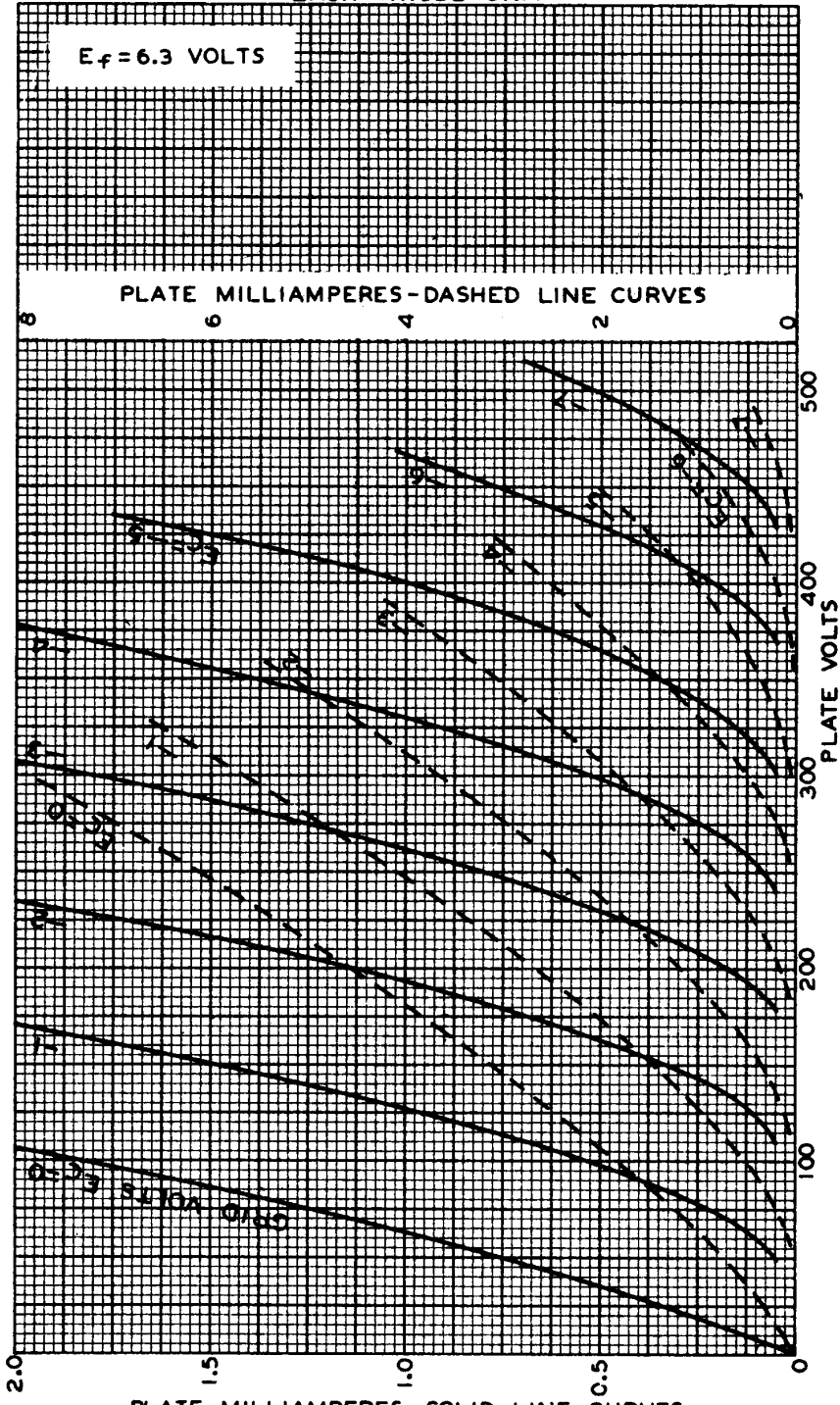


PLATE MILLIAMPERES - SOLID LINE CURVES
TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY
92C-6298

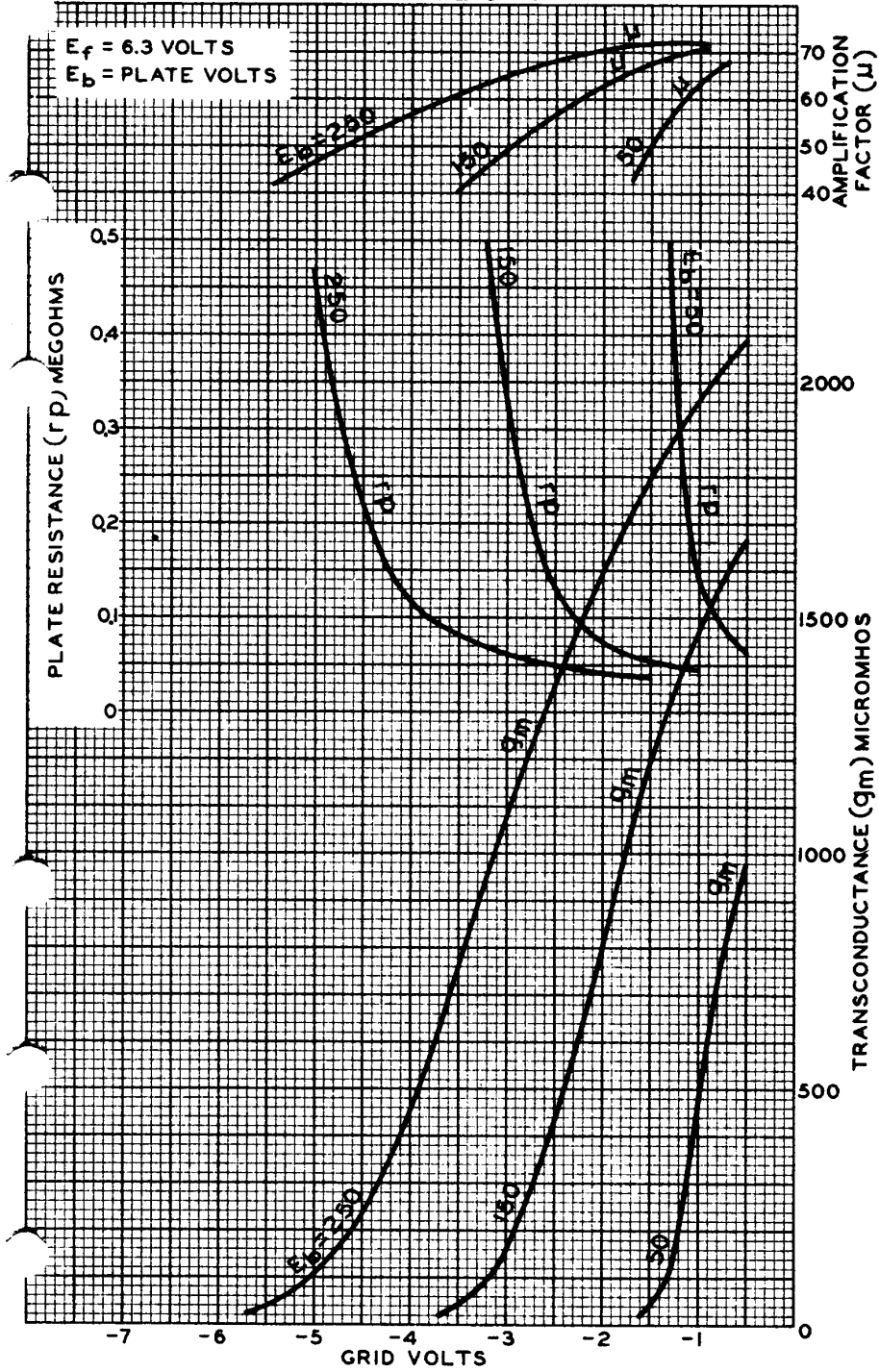
JUNE 16, 1941



5691

5691

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS EACH TRIODE UNIT



NOV. 21, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6913