



Excellence in Electronics

PENTODE

TYPE

1T4WA

The 1T4WA is a filament type semi-remote cutoff pentode of miniature construction. It is designed for use as a radio frequency or intermediate frequency amplifier in battery operated equipment. It is intended for service where extreme conditions of mechanical shock or vibration are encountered. It is particularly useful in voltage amplifier circuits where its low microphonic noise and vibration output are essential for specialized military electronic equipment.

MECHANICAL DATA

ENVELOPE: T-5/2 Glass

BASE: Miniature Button 7-Pin

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS:

- Pin 1 Filament, Negative, Grid #3, Shield
- Pin 2 Plate
- Pin 3 Grid #2
- Pin 4 No Connection

- Pin 5 Filament, Negative, Grid #3, Shield
- Pin 6 Grid #1
- Pin 7 Filament, Positive

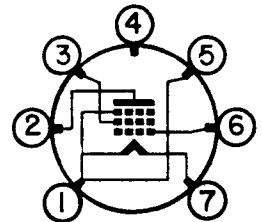
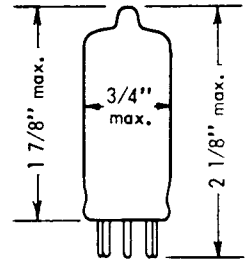
MECHANICAL RATINGS:

Maximum Impact Acceleration (Shock Test-Note 2) 450 G  
 Maximum Vibrational Acceleration (96 Hour Fatigue Test-Note 3) 2.5 G

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

ELECTRICAL DATA

CAUTION----- To Electron Equipment Design Engineers: Special attention should be given to the temperature at which the tubes are to be operated. Reliability will be seriously impaired if maximum bulb temperature is exceeded. The life expectancy maybe reduced if conditions other than those specified for life test are imposed on the tube and will be reduced appreciably if maximum ratings are exceeded. Both reliability and performance will be jeopardized if filament voltage ratings are exceeded. Life and reliability of performance are closely related to the degree that regulation of the heater voltage is maintained at its center rated value.



BOTTOM VIEW

6AR

RATINGS AND NORMAL OPERATION:	MIL - E - 1 SYMBOL	DESIGN MINIMUM	NORMAL TEST CONDITIONS (Note 5)	NORMAL OPERATION (Note 4)	DESIGN MAXIMUM	MIL - E - 1 UNITS
Heater Voltage (Note 6)	Ef:	1.00	1.25	1.25	1.50	Vdc
Plate Voltage (Note 7)	Eb:	----	90	90	100	Vdc
Grid Voltage	Ec1:	----	0	0	----	Vdc
Grid Voltage #2 (Note 7)	Ec2:	----	67.5	67.5	75	Vdc
Plate Dissipation	Pp:	----	----	----	0.4	Watts
Grid #2 Dissipation	Pg2:	----	----	----	0.15	Watts
Grid Resistance	Rg(1):	----	----	----	2.0	Meg
Transconductance	Sm:	----	----	900	----	μmhos
Plate Current	Ip1:	----	----	3.5	----	mAdc
Cathode Current	Ik:	----	----	----	6.5	mAdc

Tentative Data

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RAYTHEON COMPANY

55 CHAPEL ST. NEWTON 58, MASS.



ELECTRICAL DATA (Cont'd)

CHARACTERISTICS AND QUALITY CONTROL TESTS (Note 1)

TEST	CONDITIONS	AQL %	MIL - E - 1 SYMBOL	MIN	LAL	BOGIE	UAL	MAX	ALD	MIL - E - 1 UNITS
<b>MEASUREMENTS ACCEPTANCE TESTS, PART 1</b>										
Combined AQL = 1.0 % excluding Mechanical and Inoperatives										
Grid Current (1):	Eb = Ec2 = 90 Vdc Ec1 = -2.0 Vdc	0.65	Ic1:	0	----	----	----	-1.0	----	μAdc
Plate Current (1):		0.65	Ib1:	2.3	----	----	----	4.7	----	mAdc
Screen Grid Current:		0.65	Ic2:	0.65	----	----	----	2.15	----	mAdc
Transconductance (1):		0.65	Sm (1):	660	----	----	----	1125	----	μmhos
Noise and Microphonics:	Ebb = 90 Vdc; Ecc2 = 67.5 Vdc; Ecal = 10.0 mVac; Rp = 1.0 Meg; Rg2 = 4.7 Meg; Cg2 = 0.1 μf; Rg1 = 0	0.65	EB:	----	----	----	----	17	----	VU
Continuity and Shorts: (Inoperatives)		0.4	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----
Mechanical:	Envelope Outline (6-2)	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----
<b>MEASUREMENTS ACCEPTANCE TESTS, PART 2</b>										
Insulation of Electrodes:	g - all = -100 Vdc p - all = -100 Vdc	4.0	Rg - all: Rp - all:	100 100	----	----	----	----	----	Meg. Meg.
Transconductance (2):	Ef = 1.0 Vdc; Eb = 75 Vdc; Ec2 = 55 Vdc	6.5	Sm (2):	500	----	----	----	1125	----	μmhos
Transconductance (3):	Ec1 = -16 Vdc	6.5	Sm (3):	1	----	----	----	50	----	μmhos
Filament Current:		6.5	If:	44	----	----	----	56	----	mA
Grid Voltage:	Ec1 / Ic1 = 0.1 μAdc Ec2 = 45 Vdc (Note 9)	6.5	Ec (1):	----	----	----	----	2.0	----	Vdc
Plate Current (2):	Ef = 1.25 Vdc; Rg = 50,000 ohms; Ec1 = 25 Vac (Note 10)	6.5	Ib:	2.0	----	----	----	----	----	mAdc
Plate Resistance	Eb = Ec2 = 45 Vdc	6.5	rp:	0.17	----	----	----	----	----	Meg.
Capacitance:	Shield #316		Cg1p:	----	----	----	----	0.02	----	μf
Capacitance:	without shield	6.5	Cin:	3.0	----	----	----	4.7	----	μf
Capacitance:	without shield		Cout:	4.5	----	----	----	8.5	----	μf
Vibration (1):	Rp = 10,000 ohms; 40 cps; 15 g	6.5	Ep:	----	----	----	----	10	----	mVac
Vibration (2):	F = 40 cps - 3500 cps; Rp = 10,000 ohms (Note 8)	6.5	Ep (2):	----	----	----	----	20	----	mVac
<b>DEGRADATION RATE ACCEPTANCE TESTS</b>										
Shock:	Hammer Angle = 30° (Note 2)	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----
Fatigue:	G = 2.5; F = 25 cps min; 60 cps max; Fixed Frequency (Note 3)	6.5	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----
Post Shock and Fatigue Test End Points:										
Transconductance (1):		----	Sm (1):	570	----	----	----	----	----	μmhos
Vibration (1):		----	Ep:	----	----	----	----	15	----	mVac
Miniature Tube Base Strain:		----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----
Glass Strain (Thermal Shock):		2.5	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



## PENTODE

## ELECTRICAL DATA (Cont'd)

TEST	CONDITIONS	CHARACTERISTICS AND QUALITY CONTROL TESTS (Note 1) (cont'd)						Allowable Defects	
		AQL %	MIL - E - 1 SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIL - E - 1 UNITS	per Characteristic 1st Sample	Combined Samples	
<b>ACCEPTANCE LIFE TESTS</b>									
Intermittent Life Test:	Ef = 1.25 Vdc or Vac with equivalent bias; Group A	----	t:	500	----	Hours	----	----	
Intermittent Life Test End Points:									
Transconductance (1):			Sm(1):	540	----	$\mu$ mhos	----	----	
Grid Current:			Ic(1):	----	-1.0	$\mu$ Adc	----	----	

## NOTES:

- Note 1: Characteristics, Quality Control Procedures, and Inspection Levels are made according to the appropriate paragraph of MIL - E - 1, and MIL - STD - 105A.
- Note 2: Test Conditions and Acceptance Criteria per Shock Test procedures of MIL - E - 1 basic specifications.
- Note 3: Test Conditions and Acceptance Criteria per Fatigue Test procedures of MIL - E - 1 basic specifications.
- Note 4: These normal values represent conditions at which control of reliability may be expected.
- Note 5: These normal test conditions are used for all characteristics unless otherwise stated under the individual test item.
- Note 6: For most applications the performance will not be adversely affected by  $\pm 10\%$  heater voltage variation, but when the application can provide a closer control of heater voltage, an improvement in reliability will be realized.
- Note 7: Plate and Screen Supply Voltages should not exceed these values under any circumstances.
- Note 8: The tube under test shall be rigidly mounted on a vibration table vibrating with simple harmonic motion. The test conditions of paragraph 4.9.19.1 of MIL - E - 1 shall be applied and Ep monitored while the frequency of vibration is continuously swept from 50 - 3500 cps and the peak acceleration controlled constant at 2G. A low pass filter which follows the load resistor of the tube under test shall have a cut-off frequency of 3500 cps. The total time of sweep shall not be less than one (1) minute.
- Note 9: The voltage drop in the grid current meter shall be included in the grid voltage required for the 0.1 $\mu$ Adc grid current.
- Note 10: The signal shall be coupled through a 1 $\mu$ f condenser and shall have a source impedance of approximately 500 ohms.

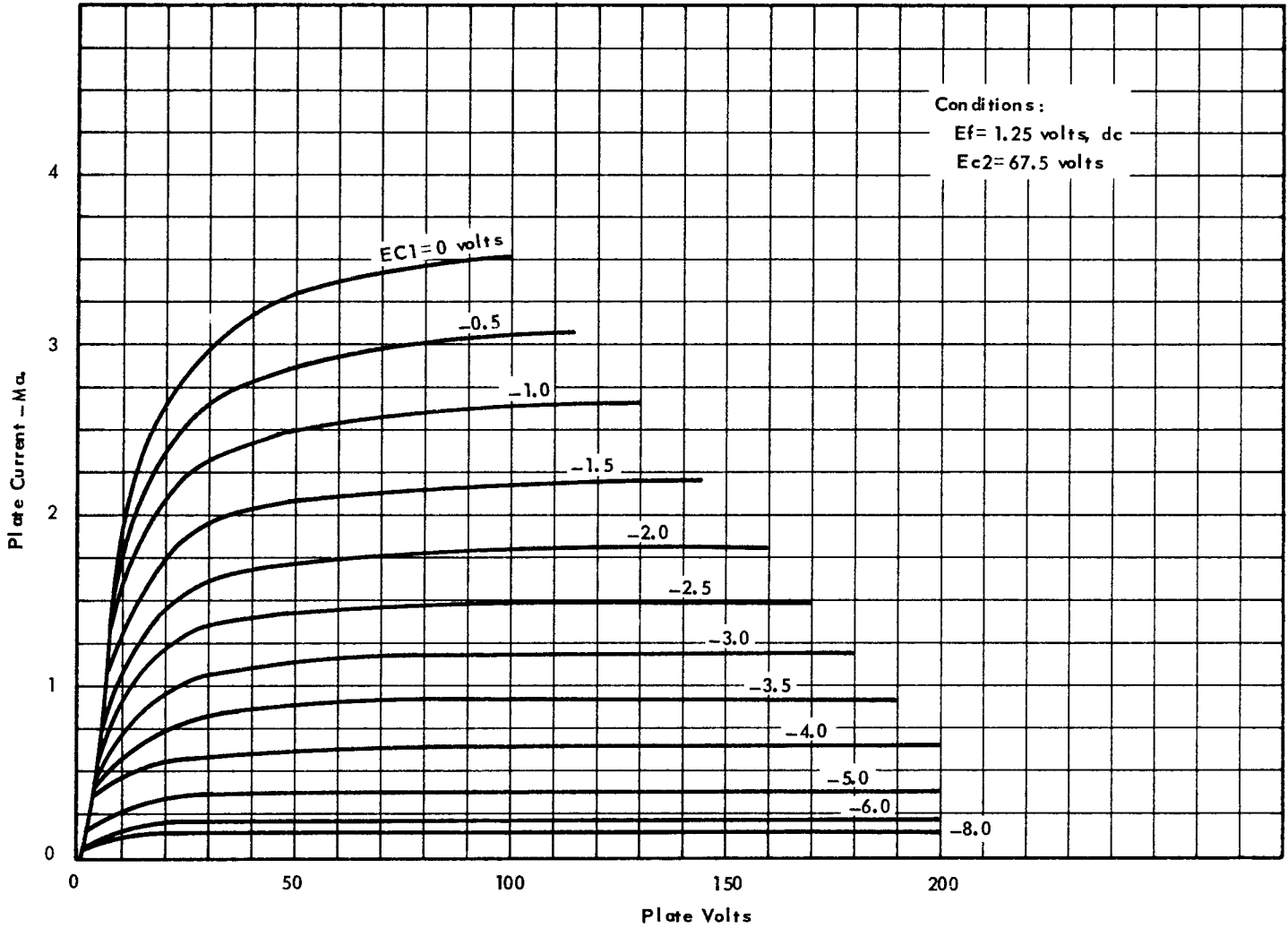
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PENTODE

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

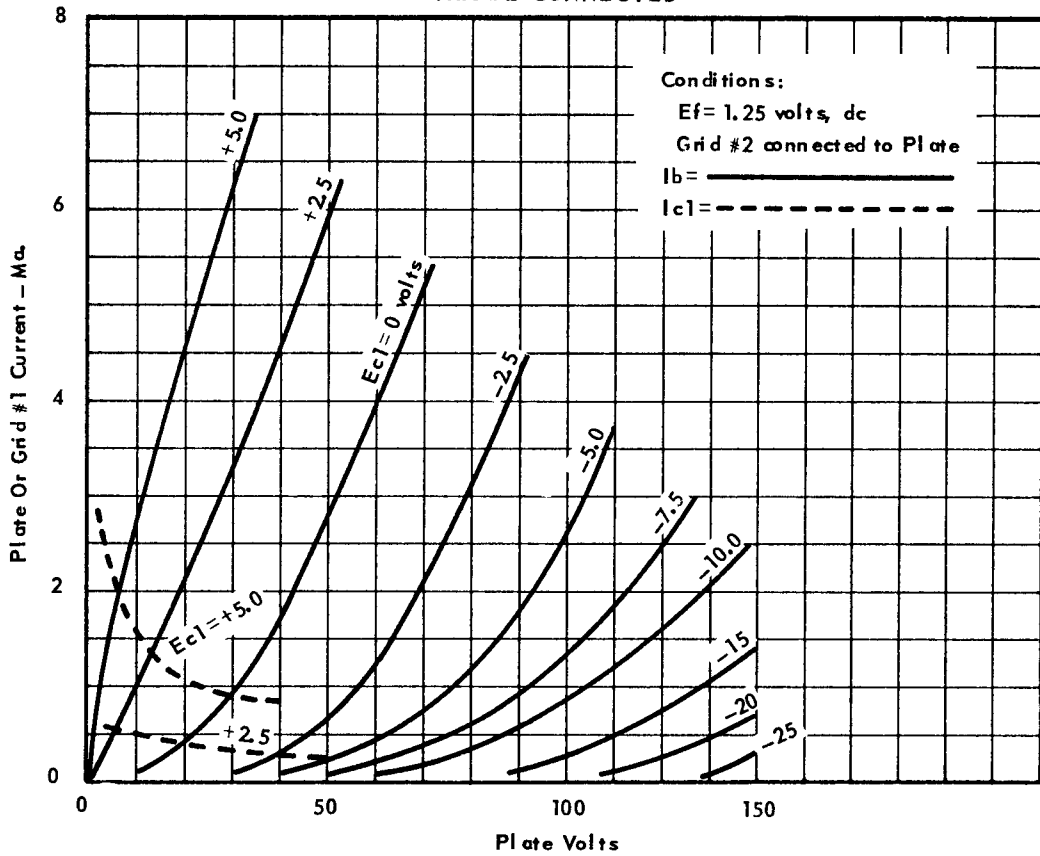


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PENTODE

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS  
TRIODE CONNECTED

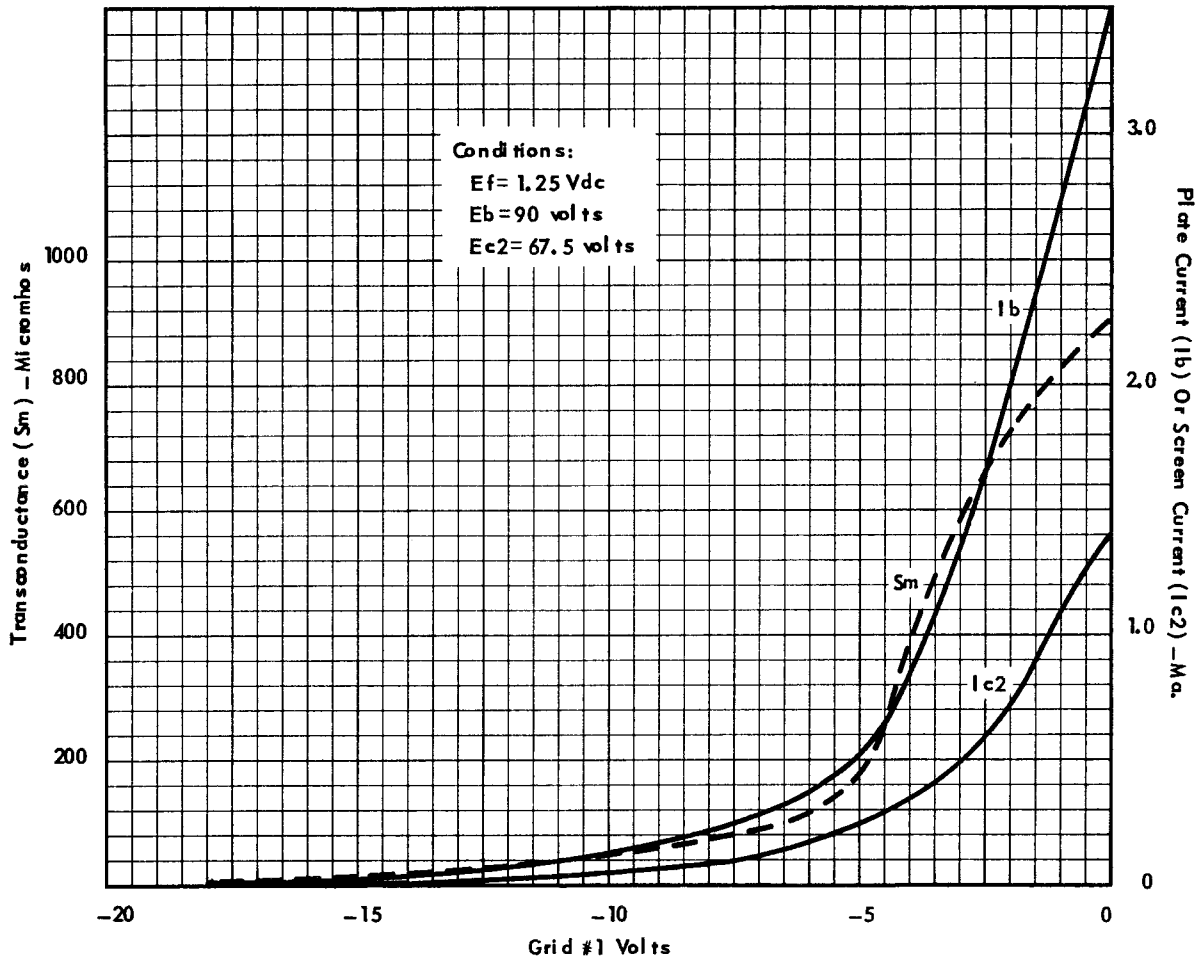


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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



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