Getting Started with the i960® Processor Development Tools

Order Number: 485544-005

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision</th>
<th>Revision History</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-001</td>
<td>Original issue for CTOOLS960 R4.5 and GNU/960 R2.4.</td>
<td>05/94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-002</td>
<td>Original issue for CTOOLS960 &amp; GNU/960 R4.6, and MON R2.1.</td>
<td>12/94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-003</td>
<td>Revision for CTOOLS (formerly CTOOLS960 &amp; GNU/960) R5.0.</td>
<td>02/96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-004</td>
<td>Revision for CTOOLS R5.1.</td>
<td>01/97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-005</td>
<td>Revision for CTOOLS R6.0.</td>
<td>12/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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2-4 CTOOLS960 Environment Variables ......................... 2-6
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This chapter introduces you to the CTOOLS software development toolset and this manual. Topics include:

- An overview of the toolset
- How to use the printed and online documentation

The CTOOLS Toolset

CTOOLS is a complete C/C++-language software-development toolset for developing embedded applications to run on i960® processors. It contains a C/C++ compiler, the gcc960 and ic960 compiler driver programs, an assembler, runtime libraries, a collection of software-development tools and utilities, and printed and on-line documentation. Figure 1-1 shows the various tools and the flow of information among them. Table 1-1 tells you where to find information on each of the CTOOLS programs.

---

NOTE. CTOOLS was called CTOOLS960 and GNU/960 in previous releases. Release 6.0 of CTOOLS is the current upgrade of these products. You can install the gcc960 interface to CTOOLS for compatibility with GNU/960, or the ic960 interface for compatibility with CTOOLS960. You also can install both interfaces, one after the other.
Figure 1-1  CTOOLS Overview

Phase I: Translation

Text Editor

Source Files

Compiler

Assembler

Assembly Language Converter

Macro Processor

Assembler:
asm960

gas960

gas960c

gas960e

Phase II: Linking

Object Code

Linker

Arc960

gar960

Archiver

Libraries

Linker:
ic960gcc960

xlate960

Phase III: Target Preparation

Executable Code

Stripper

gstrip960

str960

Object Code

Converters

cvt960

cof960/objcopy

grom960

Address Munger

Target Preparation:

gld960

gsize960

gmung960

Phase IV: Debugging

Execution Vehicle

gdb960

Debugger

Execution Profiler

Statistical Profiler

Coverage Analyzer

Phase V: Execution and Profiling

Profile Merger

gmpf960

gcov960

Gdb960

Gmpf960

Gcov960

Ghist960

Statistical Profiler

Grom960

Cvt960

Gld960

Gsize960

Gmung960
## Table 1-1  Where to Find Information on CTOOLS Software

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Function</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>archiver</td>
<td>arc960, gar960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>assembler</td>
<td>asm960, gas960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Assembler User's Guide</td>
<td>485276</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>compiler</td>
<td>gcc960, ic960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Compiler User's Guide</td>
<td>651230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>converters</td>
<td>cof960/objcopy, cvt960, xlate960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coverage analyzer</td>
<td>gccov960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>debugger</td>
<td>gdb960, gdb960v</td>
<td>gdb960 User's Manual</td>
<td>485546</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dumper/disassembler</td>
<td>dmp960, gdmp960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>installer</td>
<td>install</td>
<td>Getting Started with the i960 Processor Development Tools (this manual)</td>
<td>485544</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>libraries</td>
<td>libc, libm, libh, libfp, libq/libqf, libll, libmon, libhis</td>
<td>i960 Processor Library Supplement</td>
<td>651231</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>linker</td>
<td>gld960, lnk960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>macro processor</td>
<td>mpp960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>munger</td>
<td>gmung960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name lister</td>
<td>gnm960, nam960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROM image builders</td>
<td>rom960, grom960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>section size printer</td>
<td>size960, gsize960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>statistical profiler</td>
<td>ghist960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>stripper</td>
<td>gstrip960, str960</td>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What’s New In CTOOLS

Release 6.0 features support for C++. This means that you can now use the enhancements of the C++ language with CTOOLS’ powerful development features such as:

- Whole program and profile driven optimizations
- Position independent data, position independent code
- Compression Aided Virtual Execution (CAVE), to reduce the physical memory requirements of ROM-based applications
- Symbolic debug of optimized code using the DWARF debug format

CTOOLS 6.0 also improves support for the i960 Rx processor as follows:

- xlate960 assembly language converter: converts assembly language code from 80960 core processors (e.g., i960 Cx, Jx, and Hx processors) to its CORE0 (e.g., 80960Rx) equivalent. xlate960 performs both instruction and addressing-mode translations.
- Improved Assembler Pseudo-Instruction Support: A number of pseudo-instructions have been added to the CTOOLS assembler to ease migration between processors. These pseudo-ops provide an architecture-independent method for performing some of the more common low-level processing operations.

Finally, CTOOLS 6.0 includes support for the i960 JT and RD processors. All tools support code generation for these new i960 processor family members.

About the Documentation

The CTOOLS documentation is designed for use with either the gcc960 interface or the ic960 interface, on any supported host. You receive the same set of manuals, the same release notes, and the same online documentation, irrespective of your order code.
Tables 1-2 lists the titles, order numbers and brief descriptions of the CTOOLS manuals. For information on ordering these and other Intel publications, write to:

Intel Corporation  
PO Box 5937  
Denver, CO 80217-9808  

You can also order manuals by phone by calling 1-800-548-4725. (International customers should contact their local Intel sales office.)  
Customers can also request the Customer Literature Guide, order number 210620, for complete information about Intel product literature. Complete CTOOLS manual sets are available. Contact your local Intel sales office or distributor (use order code CTOOLSDOC).

**Online Hypertext Documentation**

In addition to the printed documentation, a HyperText Markup Language (HTML) hypertext containing the command-line information previously delivered in UNIX*-style manpages is automatically installed in a directory named `html`. This hypertext can be displayed and printed with any HTML-compatible browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer* or Netscape Navigator*. To use the hypertext, open the file named `start.htm` in the `html/tools` directory. **(Hint: in your browser, bookmark this location.)**
## Table 1-2 Manuals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Getting Started with the i960 Processor Development Tools (this manual)</td>
<td>485544</td>
<td>Describes installation, environment variables, documentation, and customer service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i960 Processor Compiler User's Guide</td>
<td>651230</td>
<td>Describes the compiler and two-pass optimization tools.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i960 Processor Library Supplement</td>
<td>651231</td>
<td>Describes the supplied libraries and provides other library information (e.g., all library file names).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i960 Processor Assembler User's Guide</td>
<td>485276</td>
<td>Describes the assembler and assembly language.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i960 Processor Software Utilities User's Guide</td>
<td>485277</td>
<td>Describes the archiver, converters, coverage analyzer, dumper/disassembler, ghist960 profiler, linker, macro processor, namer, rommer, stripper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gdb960 User's Manual</td>
<td>485546</td>
<td>Describes the gdb960 debugger.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i960 Processor Tools License Guide</td>
<td>614851</td>
<td>Describes CTOOLS licensing and copyrights.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This chapter provides detailed steps for installing CTOOLS on your host system.

Table 2-1 lists the host and operating systems for which CTOOLS R6.0 is available and the media type(s) supplied for each order code. For a list of product contents, see the Release Notes supplied with your toolset. For a list of the manuals supplied with your toolset, see Chapter 1. For information about customer support and product service, see Chapter 3.

Table 2-1  Product Codes, Hosts, Operating Systems, and Media

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Code</th>
<th>Host System</th>
<th>OS Version</th>
<th>Media</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CTOOLSW95R6.0</td>
<td>Intel486™, Pentium®, or Pentium Pro processor-based PC</td>
<td>Windows® 95 or Windows NT® 4.0</td>
<td>CD-ROM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CTOOLSUNXR6.0</td>
<td>HP9000/700 workstation</td>
<td>HP-UX 10.01</td>
<td>4 mm &amp; 8 mm DAT tapes; QIC-24 tape</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IBM RS/6000 workstation</td>
<td>AIX 4.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sun/4 workstation</td>
<td>SunOS 4.1.4 or Solaris 5.5.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Host System Requirements

The amount of disk space required to install CTOOLS depends on which product components you install. You can save a significant amount of disk space by not installing source code for the tools and libraries. Refer to Table 2-2 for a listing of disk space requirements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating System</th>
<th>With RTL and Binary Source Code</th>
<th>Without Source Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UNIX</td>
<td>74 megabytes</td>
<td>26 megabytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 95/NT</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>18 megabytes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Installing CTOOLS

The following sections describe installing the tools on host systems.

Preparing for Installation on UNIX

1. Back up any previously installed versions of the i960 processor language tools.
2. Determine the directory in which to install the tools. Make sure that you have write permission on this directory.
   — If you want to install the new tools in an existing intel960 directory, you must first remove the tools in this directory.
   — If you want to keep a previous version of the tools, either move them to another directory or choose another location in which to install the new tools.
3. Determine your interrupt key sequence (usually Ctrl-C) by using stty.
4. Determine the name of your system's tape device.
5. Place the installation tape in the tape device.
6. Decide if you need to install source code for the tools. The installation script prompts you to enter this information. Having source code for the tools allows you to modify and build the tools, and to receive bug fixes in the form of source patches.

**Installing on UNIX Hosts**

1. Change directory (`cd`) to an empty or temporary directory.
2. Extract the installation script from the tape device, using the tape device name you determined in step 4 (above).
   
   To install the ic960 interface to CTOOLS, enter:
   ```
   tar xvf tape_device install.ic
   ```
   
   To install the gcc960 interface to CTOOLS, enter:
   ```
   tar xvf tape_device install.gnu
   ```

3. To save time during tape scanning, watch for the messages:
   ```
   x install.ic, num bytes, num tape/media blocks
   ```
   or
   ```
   x install.gnu, num bytes, num tape/media blocks
   ```
   After you see this message, you may optionally enter your interrupt key sequence, using the sequence you determined in step 3 (above) and continue to the next step.

4. Execute the installation program.
   
   To install the ic960 interface to CTOOLS, enter:
   ```
   ./install.ic
   ```
   
   To install the gcc960 interface to CTOOLS, enter:
   ```
   ./install.gnu
   ```

5. When prompted for the installation directory, specify the directory in which to install the tools. Entering a carriage return specifies the default `/usr/local/intel960`. You can also specify a full path name to install the tools in a custom location (e.g., `/usr/projects/p1/ctools`).
6. If the directory you specify has files in it, a warning similar to the following appears:

WARNING: Directory dirname is not empty. Installation may corrupt existing files.

Do you wish to proceed (y/n)?
Default is [n]

Entering y may overwrite or remove the old files in the directory and may cause an installation failure. If you enter n, the installation script terminates.

The installation script continues, prompting you for the following information:

— Tape device (default provided)
— Host and operating system (table provided)
— Whether or not to install source code for the tools (default and table provided)
— Whether or not to install source code for the run-time libraries and other components (defaults or tables provided)

The installation program invokes tar to install the tools. If the installation begins, a message similar to the following displays:

Invoking tar for ...

If tar fails, the following message appears:

Tar exited with 1; enter 'abort' or 'retry'.

Entering abort causes the installation program to terminate. Entering retry causes the installation program to try tar again.

During installation, the system displays several progress indicator messages related to the renaming of files. No action is required in response to these messages. A message notifies you when the installation is complete.

If you want the tools to be owned by root with a Group ID of bin, have your system administrator make this change now.
Preparing for Installation on Windows 95/NT

1. Determine the directory in which to install the tools. The installation program places the toolset in `C:\INTEL960`, unless you specify otherwise when the installation program prompts you. (If you want to save a previous version of the tools, you must copy them to a different directory, or specify a different installation directory for the new tools.)

2. You can save disk space by not installing the source code for the runtime libraries.

3. Binary versions of the tools and a UNIX compressed (.tar) file of the source code are included on the CD-ROM. You need the following development tools to build the binaries of CTOOLS from source code:
   - UNIX system to modify the filenames to an 8.3 character format
   - Microsoft Visual* C++ compiler 4.02 or later
   - OPUS Make Version 6.06a for NT or later
   - Thompson Toolkit Version 4.1d or later

**NOTE.** Note that you can re-run the installation program later if you need components of the tools that you omit during the initial installation.

Installing on Windows 95/NT Hosts

To install the tools on a Windows host insert the CD-ROM into your drive and enter `drive:\ctools\setup`. Respond to the prompts as appropriate for your installation.

The installation program modifies your `autoexec.bat` and saves a copy of the previous version under the name `autoexec.bak`. You must re-boot your system for these settings to take effect.
Preparing to Use the Tools

In order to use the tools, you must set certain environment variables and ensure that certain directories are in your path. The variables that you set vary depending on the interface you selected during installation. The tables below describe the variables that must be set for the GNU/960 and CTOOLS960 interfaces.

Table 2-3 GNU/960 Environment Variables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>G960BASE</td>
<td>specifies base directory for invoking the CTOOLS programs such as gcc960 and gld960. In Windows, this variable is set by wininstall during installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G960ARCH</td>
<td>specifies the target-architecture libraries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G960LIB</td>
<td>specifies an additional directory for the invocation library and directive-file search path.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G960LLIB</td>
<td>library and directive-file search path.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2-4 CTOOLS960 Environment Variables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I960BASE</td>
<td>specifies base directory for invoking the CTOOLS programs such as ic960 or lnk960. In Windows, this variable is set by wininstall during installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I960ARCH</td>
<td>specifies the target-architecture libraries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I960LIB</td>
<td>specifies additional directories for the invocation library and directive-file search path.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I960LLIB</td>
<td>library and directive-file search path.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Setting Environment Variables

In UNIX you must set the $G960BASE$ or $I960BASE$ for the tools to function correctly. These variables are set during the Windows installation. The others described in Tables 2-3 and 2-4 are optional and are provided for your convenience. For example, if you don’t set the $I960ARCH$ or $G960ARCH$ variable, you must specify the target architecture on the program command lines with the $-Aarch$ option. To set the environment variables:

- Windows users must use the `set` command on the command line or in a batch file such as `autoexec.bat`. For example, to set the default installation directory:
  ```bash
  set G960BASE = C:\intel\g960
  ```
- UNIX users must use the `set` or `setenv` command in script files, or in a bootup file such as `.cshrc`, `.login`, or `.profile`. You must also specify the host-specific directory under the installation directory. For example, if you installed the toolset in `/usr/local/intel` on an HP9000/700 workstation, you would use the command:
  ```bash
  setenv G960BASE = /usr/local/intel/hp700.
  ```

The *i960 Processor Compiler User’s Guide* provides a complete list of the environment variables that can be used to alter the default behavior of the tools when using the ic960 or gcc960 interface.

Adjusting Your Path

The directory $I960BASE/bin$ (ic960) or $G960BASE/bin$ (gcc960) must be in your path. In Windows, this modification is made by wininstall during the installation process. UNIX users must change their path accordingly.
Customer Support Services

Customer Support Services

The Intel Customer Support organization currently provides the following services to i960 processor development tools customers:

- two types of support contracts
- a World-Wide Web site
- an anonymous FTP server
- a modem-accessible file transfer system

These services are described in the following sections. Following the description of these support services, this chapter also provides a list of frequently asked questions and information on reporting bugs.

Support Contracts

There are two types of support contracts available for customers: Software Assistance and Software Support. Each level of support is available for one-year periods, which can be renewed.

Some highlights of the support contracts are summarized below. However, the contents and details of the contracts are subject to change.
Software Assistance Contracts (DT80960SAC)

Software Assistance Contract customers must return the registration card to activate their support. Software Assistance includes:

**Hotline Assistance:** Our telephone hotline, 1-800-628-8686, is open from 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Pacific time. Calling the hotline connects you to support engineers who specialize in supporting CTOOLS.

**Toll Free Phone Number:** 1-800-628-8686

**Electronic Mail:** 960tools@intel.com

If calling is not convenient, you may send an email to this address and a support engineer will respond to you quickly.

**Direct Phone Number**

1 1-916-356-7599

1 U.S. Phone number. Please use the correct prefix for your country to dial this number.

*The Intel World-Wide Web site described in the next section is also available.*

European customers also have these two services available:

**BBS:** +44 (0) 1793 432955

**FaxBACK:** +44 (0) 1793 496646

**Multiple user support** Software support is provided for up to nine users of your product. You may add users to this support contract by purchasing a *medium to large* support contract, listed in Table 3-1.
Free release upgrades  Once you register CTOOLS, or renew your support contract, you are automatically updated for any new release during the 12-month period of your support contract. (Of course, we automatically update you ONLY if you register.)

Software Support Contracts (DT80960SSC)

Software Support Contract customers also receive:

Priority bug fixes/ workarounds
Software Support customers receive a bug fix or work-around to all critical problems, once they can be duplicated at Intel's development facility. These bugs are placed on a high priority status and receive immediate engineering attention.

Inter-release fixes
Software Support customers who report a bug receive a fix. (Information on submitting a bug report is included in this manual.) If a bug fix benefits other Software Support customers, we also send each of them the inter-release fix.

A one-year Software Assistance Contract (DT80960SAC) is provided to customers with the purchase of CTOOLS. To order additional support services (DT80960SSC) or renew your existing contract, contact your local Intel representative or distributor and ask for order code DT80960SSC (Software Support Contract) or DT80960SAC (Software Assistance Contract).
The following table lists annual support contract options.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 3-1 Annual Support Contracts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Contract</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DT80960SAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>large</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DT80960SSC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>large</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*For contracts to support users in excess of 50, please contact your local Intel Distributor or Customer Support for more information.*

*Subject to change.

**World-Wide Web Site**

The web site provides two areas designed to help CTOOLS customers:

- The i960 Processors-Software Support page
  
  http://www.intel.com/design/i960/swsup/

- The Intel 80960 Software Tools Patches Page
  
  http://www.intel.com/design/i960/patches/
The software support page provides:

- Software code examples
- Drivers
- Executables
- Other miscellaneous software

The patches page provides:

- Windows 95/NT patched executables
- UNIX patched executables
- UNIX source code
- MON960/MONDB source code

Web site patches provide updated executables and an automated installation process. The Windows 95/NT patch files are self-exploding compressed files. The UNIX binaries include patched executables in compressed tar format. The UNIX source patch files contain updated C code files in UNIX tar format. The source files can be used to rebuild modified tools. UNIX patch files include an automated installation script ubins.

Rebuilt or patched tools have a version number of Major.Minor.Fix where:

- **Major** = 6
- **Minor** = 0
- **Fix** = the applied patch release number

For example: 6.0.001.

Note that releases are cumulative, that is, each successive patch release contains all of the previous software updates.
Anonymous FTP

You can retrieve the same software patches described in the previous section via anonymous ftp. To access the ftp system, ftp onto Intel's ftp.intel.com machine (the IP address is 134.134.214.7):

$   ftp intel.com
login: anonymous
passwd: use your email address

To get the patches for the current release, retrieve the latest readme (.rm) file, which describes the software changes. Use the commands:

cd /pub/i960-gnu/6.0_patches
binary
get PWyymmdd.rm

where “yymmdd” represents the name of the readme file associated with the latest patch. If you have any questions, send electronic mail to Customer Support at 960tools@intel.com.

Frequently Asked Questions

Q. How do I receive future upgrades?

A. Currently, upgrades are automatically shipped to existing customers provided that they have returned the REGISTRATION CARD and they have purchased CTOOLS within past the 12 months. Additionally, you may purchase one of the two support contracts we provided at the end of your initial 12 month period.

Q. Can I make copies of the software and documentation for distribution to my group?

A. Please refer to the i960 Processor Tools License Guide that ships in the CTOOLS kit for this information. You will see that certain modules within the kit can be copied as long as you adhere to the license terms that are applicable to that module. However, some modules are controlled by licenses that do not allow for any copying.
Q. When I purchase one seat of CTOOLS and I receive a Software Assistance Support that supports from 1-9 users. Does that mean I can copy the software that number of times?

A. The support contract is for users of the software, whereby the one seat you purchased resides in a central location and up to nine users have access to that system. No copying of the entire software package is permitted. Please refer to the i960 Processor Tools License Guide.

Q. How can I obtain a patch for a bug in this version after I have already received the software?

A. Patches for known bugs found in our software can be downloaded from the following location on the World-Wide Web:

http://developer.intel.com/design/i960/patches/

Q. If I have a QUICKval kit and the software that was included, am I going to receive 12 months of support?

A. Development tools that are included in the i960 QUICKval kits are supported for a 90 day period, at which point you need to purchase CTOOLSW95KT or CTOOLSUNXKT to receive 12 months of support. However, any releases that may occur within the 90 days of your QUICKval purchase will be shipped to you free of charge and upon receipt of the registration card.

Bug Fixes

In an effort to keep CTOOLS reliable, Intel attempts to fix reported bugs. However, unless you have a support contract, we cannot accept bug reports by telephone. The best way to report bugs is via electronic mail. For a list of addresses, see the How to Report Bugs section that follows.

If you do report a bug to us, please include a return United States Postal Service address and a phone number, so that we can let you know promptly when we create a fix.
Some of the tools in CTOOLS are based on source code from the Free Software Foundation (FSF). Please note that not all of the tools present in CTOOLS are supported by the FSF, and all of the tools have been extensively modified by Intel, so the FSF may or may not be able to help.

Your bug reports play an important role in making these tools reliable. In order for a bug report to serve its purpose, you must include information we need to fix the bug.

If you are not sure whether you have found a bug, here are some guidelines:

- If any of the tools gets a fatal signal for any valid input, that is a bug.
- If the compiler produces invalid assembly code, for any input whatever (except an `asm` statement), that is a bug, unless the compiler reports errors (not just warnings) that would ordinarily prevent the assembler from being run.
- If the compiler produces valid assembly code that does not correctly execute the input source code, that is a compiler bug. However, you must double-check to make sure, because you may have run into an incompatibility between versions of C.

You may have a program whose behavior is undefined, which happened by chance to give the desired results with another C compiler.

For example, in many nonoptimizing compilers, you can write `x;` at the end of a function instead of `return x;`, with the same results. But the value of the function is undefined if `return` is omitted; it is not a bug when the compiler produces different results.

Problems often result from expressions with two increment operators, as in `f(*p++, *p++)`. Your previous compiler might have interpreted that expression the way you intended; the compiler might interpret it another way. Neither compiler is wrong. The bug is in your code.

After you have localized the error to a single source line, it should be easy to check for these details. If your program is correct and well defined, you have found a compiler bug.
Remember, however, that the definition in C of correct behavior is sometimes quite broad, especially when it concerns program behavior that is not portable between machines, such as:

a. variables that should be and are not marked volatile;
b. default alignment of structure elements;
c. treatment of character variables, signed or unsigned; and
d. undefined behavior surrounding a machine’s subroutine calling sequence.

- If a tool produces an error message for valid input, that is a bug. The following is not valid input, and the error message for it is not a bug:

```c
int foo (char);

int foo (x)
    char x;
{ ... }
```

The prototype says to pass a `char`, while the definition says to pass an `int` and treat the value as a `char`. This is what the ANSI standard requires.

- If the compiler does not produce an error message for invalid input, that is a compiler bug. However, your idea of "invalid input" might be someone else's idea of "an extension" or "support for traditional practice."

- If you are an experienced user of C compilers, your suggestions for improvement of the compiler are welcome in any case, though they are usually lower priority than fixing actual bugs.
How to Report Bugs

Send bug reports via any of the methods listed in this section. The preferred methods of contact are electronic mail or telephone. Regardless of the method that you use, please include your electronic mail address, phone number, and FAX number with your report.

Via electronic mail:
960tools@intel.com

Via FAX:
80960 Development Tool Bug Report: (916) 356-2892

Via telephone:
Customers with either support contract in force may call our support engineers at our HOTLINE at 1-800-628-8686.

The fundamental principle of reporting bugs usefully is this: report all the facts. If you are not sure whether to state a fact or leave it out, state it!

To enable us to fix the bug, you should include all these things:

- The version of the tool containing the bug. You can get this by running the tool with the -v and -v960 options. ic960 and gcc960 also place relevant version number information in comments at the beginning of each generated assembler file.

- A complete input file that reproduces the bug. If the bug is in the C preprocessor, send a source file and any header files that it requires. If the bug is in the compiler, run your source file through the C preprocessor by doing:

  ic960 -P sourcefile.c -o outfile.i
  or
  gcc960 -E sourcefile.c > outfile.i

  and include the contents of outfile.i in the bug report. (Any -I, -D or -U options that you used in actual compilation should also be used when doing this.)
A single statement is not enough of an example. In order to compile it, it must be embedded in a function definition; and the bug might depend on the details of how this is done.

- The command arguments you gave to the tool to observe the bug. To guarantee you won’t omit something important, list them all.
- The type of machine you are using, and the operating system name and version number.
- A description of what behavior you observe that you believe is incorrect. For example, "It gets a fatal signal." or, “There is an incorrect assembler instruction in the output.”
- If you send examples of assembler output from the compiler, please use -g when you make them. The debugging information includes source line numbers that are essential for correlating the output with the input. Embedded comments that highlight the problem are also extremely useful.

If you wish to suggest changes to the compiler source, please send context diffs. If you even discuss something in the compiler source, refer to it by context, not by line number. The line numbers in Intel's development source may not match those in your sources.
License and Warranty

This appendix indicates where license information is provided, and summarizes the CTOOLS warranty.

License Guide

To make appropriate use of your Intel i960 processor tools, it is important that you know your rights and responsibilities. We urge you to read the *i960 Processor Tools License Guide*, which describes the licensing terms for CTOOLS.

The *i960 Processor Tools License Guide* identifies the various software modules used in the i960 processor tools and provides license information for each software component. The *i960 Processor Tools License Guide* notifies you of the license terms; it is not intended to provide legal advice. Please seek legal counsel or contact Customer Support if you have questions regarding the implications of the license terms.

Warranty and Maintenance

CTOOLS may or may not meet your needs. If, during the first 30 days after you receive these tools, you discover that they do not meet your needs, you may return the entire package, including distribution disks, manuals, and packing materials, and we will refund your distribution fee. Other than this, Intel offers no warranty or guaranteed level of support whatsoever for these products. While we will accept bug reports and attempt to make periodic releases to fix these bugs, unless you purchase specific support services from Intel, we cannot promise to be able to fix any bugs that arise on a particular schedule.
In particular, unless otherwise covered by an applicable Intel Support Agreement,

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